

For the DE  $y'' - 2y' - 3y = 8e^{3t}$

What is a homogenized version?

$$y_H'' - 2y_H' - 3y_H = 0$$

It's char. eqn.?

$$r^2 - 2r - 3 = 0$$

It's roots

$$r = 3, -1$$

Sol'n?

$$y_H = C_1 e^{3t} + C_2 e^{-t}$$

Fund. sol'n set

$$\{e^{3t}, e^{-t}\}$$

Wronskian (two ways)

$$W = \begin{vmatrix} e^{3t} & e^{-t} \\ 3e^{3t} & -e^{-t} \end{vmatrix} = -4e^{2t}$$

$$W = \left( \exp(-\int -2dt) \right) = Ce^{2t}$$

Find a particular sol'n (two ways)

Undert coeff. guess:  $y_I = (Ae^{3t}) \cdot t$

$$\rightarrow y_I' = (3Ae^{3t}t + Ae^{3t})e^{3t}$$

$$\rightarrow y_I'' = (9At + 6A)e^{3t}$$

$$8e^{3t} = 4Ae^{3t} \quad A=2$$

$$y_I = 2te^{3t}$$

Var. of Params guess  $y_I = u_1 e^{3t} + u_2 e^{-t}$

$$u_1 = - \int \frac{RHS \cdot y_2}{W(y_1, y_2)} dt = - \int \frac{8e^{3t} \cdot e^{-t}}{-4e^{2t}} dt = \int 2 dt = 2t$$

$$u_2 = + \int \frac{RHS \cdot y_1}{W(y_1, y_2)} dt = \int \frac{8e^{3t} \cdot e^{3t}}{-4e^{2t}} dt = \int -2e^{4t} dt = -\frac{1}{2}e^{4t}$$

$$y_I = 2te^{3t} - \frac{1}{2}e^{3t}$$

$y = y_H + y_I$  Gen'l sol'n

two ways, two diff ans., or are they? no, they're the same:  $-\frac{1}{2}e^{3t}$  is part of  $y_H$ .